

MAK

Did I *make* a gain of you by any of them I sent. *2 Cor.*
 If Aulus, who was a negligent prince, *made* so much,
 what must now the Romans *make*, who govern it so wisely.
Arbutnot on Coins.
 If it is meant of the value of the purchase, it was very
 high; it being hardly possible to *make* so much of land, un-
 less it was reckoned at a very low price. *Arbutnot.*
 18. To reach; to tend to; to arrive at.
 Acolta recordeth, they that fall in the middle can *make* no
 land of either side. *Brown's Vulgar Errors, b. vi.*
 I've *made* the port already.
 And laugh securely at the lazy storm. *Dryden.*
 They ply their shatter'd oars
 To nearest land, and *make* the Libyan shoars. *Dryden.*
 While gentle zephyrs play in prosperous gales;
 But would forsake the ship, and *make* the shoar.
 When the winds whistle, and the tempests roar?
 19. To gain.
 The wind came about, and settled in the west for many
 days, so as we could *make* little or no way. *Bacon.*
 I have *made* way
 To some Philistian lords, with whom to treat. *Milton.*
 Now mark a little why Virgil is so much concerned to
 make this marriage, it was to *make* way for the divorce which
 he intended afterwards. *Dryden's Æn.*
 20. To force; to gain by force.
 Rugged rocks are interpos'd in vain;
 He *makes* his way o'er mountains, and contemns
 Unruly torrents, and unforded streams. *Dryden's Virg.*
 The stone wall which divides China from Tartary, is
 reckoned nine hundred miles long, running over rocks, and
 making way for rivers through mighty arches. *Temple.*
 21. To exhibit.
 When thou *makest* a dinner, call not thy friends but the
 poor. *Luke xiv. 12.*
 22. To pay; to give.
 He shall *make* amends for the harm that he hath done. *Lev.*
 23. To put; to place.
 You must *make* a great difference between Hercules's la-
 bours by land, and Jason's voyage by sea for the golden
 fleece. *Bacon's War with Spain.*
 24. To turn to some use.
 Whate'er they catch,
 Their fury *makes* an instrument of war. *Dryden's Æn.*
 25. To incline; to dispose.
 It is not requisite they should destroy our reason, that is,
 to *make* us rely on the strength of nature, when she is leas't
 able to relieve us. *Brown's Vulgar Errors, b. iv.*
 26. To prove as an argument.
 Seeing they judge this to *make* nothing in the world for
 them. *Hooker, b. ii.*
 You conceive you have no more to do than, having found
 the principal word in a concordance, introduce as much of
 the verse as will serve your turn, though in reality it *makes*
 nothing for you. *Swift.*
 27. To represent; to show.
 He is not that goafe and afs that Valla would *make* him.
Baker's Reflections on Learning.
 28. To constitute.
 Our desires carry the mind out to absent good, according
 to the necessity which we think there is of it, to the *making*
 or encrease of our happiness. *Locke.*
 29. To amount to.
 Whatsoever they were, it *maketh* no matter to me: God
 accepteth no man's person. *Gal. ii. 16.*
 30. To mould; to form.
 Lye not erect but hollow, which is in the *making* of the
 bed; or with the legs gathered up, which is the more whole-
 some. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*
 I'll find about the *making* of the bed. *Shakespeare.*
 They mow fern green, and burning of them to ashes,
 make the ashes up into balls with a little water. *Martimer.*
 31. To *MAKE* away. To kill; to destroy.
 He will not let slip any advantage to *make* away him whose
 just title, enabled by courage and goodness, may one day
 shake the seat of a never-secure tyranny. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 The duke of Clarence, lieutenant of Ireland, was, by
 practice of evil persons about the king his brother, called
 thence away, and soon after, by sinister means, was clean
 made away. *Spenser on Ireland.*
 He may have a likely guefs,
 How these were they that *made* away his brother. *Shakespeare.*
 Trajan would say of the vain jealousy of princes that seek
 to *make* away those that aspire to their succession, that there
 was never king that did put to death his successor. *Bacon.*
 My mother I flew at my very birth, and since have *made*
 away two of her brothers, and happily to make way for the
 purposes of others against myself. *Hagwood.*

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Give poets leave to *make* themselves easy. *R. 1. 1. 1.*
 What multitude of infants have been *made* away by those
 who brought them into the world. *Addison.*
 32. To *MAKE* away. To transfer.
 Debtors,
 When they never mean to pay,
 To some friend *make* all away. *Waller.*
 33. To *MAKE* account. To reckon; to believe.
 They *made* no account but that the navy should be abso-
 lutely master of the seas. *Bacon's War with Spain.*
 34. To *MAKE* account of. To esteem; to regard.
 35. To *MAKE* free with. To treat without ceremony.
 The same who have *made* free with the greatest names in
 church and state, and exposed to the world the private mis-
 fortunes of families. *Dunciad.*
 36. To *MAKE* good. To maintain; to defend; to justify.
 The grand master, guarded with a company of most va-
 liant knights, drove them out again by force, and *made* good
 the place. *Kneller's Hist. of the Turks.*
 When he comes to *make* good his confident undertaking,
 he is fain to say things that agree very little with one an-
 other. *Boyle.*
 I'll either die, or I'll *make* good the place. *Dryden.*
 As for this other argument, that by pursuing one single
 theme they gain an advantage to express, and work up, the
 passions, I wish any example he could bring from them could
 make it good. *Dryden on dramatick Poetry.*
 I will add what the same author subjoins to *make* good his
 foregoing remark. *Locke on Education.*
 37. To *MAKE* good. To fulfil; to accomplish.
 This letter doth *make* good the friar's words. *Shakespeare.*
 38. To *MAKE* light of. To consider as of no consequence.
 They *made* light of it, and went their ways. *Matt. xxii. 5.*
 39. To *MAKE* live. To court; to play the gallant.
 How happy each of the sexes would be, if there was a
 window in the breast of every one that *makes* or receives love.
Addison's Guardian, N. 106.
 40. To *MAKE* merry. To feast; to partake of an entertain-
 ment.
 A hundred pound or two, to *make* merry withal? *Shakespeare.*
 The king, to make demonstration to the world, that the
 proceedings against Sir William Stanley, imposed upon him
 by necessity of state, had not diminished the affection he bare
 to his brother, went to Latham, to *make* merry with his mo-
 ther and the earl. *Bacon's Henry VIII.*
 A gentleman and his wife will ride to *make* merry with his
 neighbour, and after a day those two go to a third; in which
 progress they encrease like snowballs, till through their bur-
 thenome weight they break. *Carew's Survey of Cornwall.*
 41. To *MAKE* much of. To cherish; to foster.
 The king hearing of their adventure, suddenly falls to take
 pride in *making* much of them, extolling them with infinite
 praises. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 The bird is dead
 That we have *made* so much of! *Shakespeare, Cymbeline.*
 It is good discretion not to *make* too much of any man at
 the first. *Bacon's Essays.*
 The easy and the lazy *make* much of the gout; and yet
 making much of themselves too, they take care to carry it pre-
 sently to bed, and keep it warm. *Temple.*
 42. To *MAKE* of. What to *make* of, is, how to understand.
 That they should have knowledge of the languages and
 affairs of those that lie at such a distance from them, was a
 thing we could not tell what to *make* of. *Bacon.*
 I past the summer here at Nimmeguen, without the least
 remembrance of what had happened to me in the spring, till
 about the end of September, and then I began to feel a pain
 I knew not what to *make* of, in the same joint of my other
 foot. *Temple.*
 There is another statue in bras of Apollo, with a modern
 inscription on the pedestal, which I know not what to *make*
 of. *Addison on Italy.*
 I desired he would let me see his book: he did so, smil-
 ing: I could not *make* any thing of it. *Tatler.*
 Upon one side of the pillar were huge pieces of iron stick-
 ing out, cut into strange figures, which we knew not what
 to *make* of. *Goldsmith's Travels.*
 43. To *MAKE* of. To produce from; to effect.
 I am astonished, that those who have appeared against this
 paper have *made* to very little of it. *Addison.*
 44. To *MAKE* of. To consider; to account; to esteem.
 Makes he no more of me than of a slave? *Dryden.*
 45. To *MAKE* of. To cherish; to foster.
 Xavrus was wonderfully beloved, and *made* of, by the
 Turkish merchants, whose language he had learned. *Kneller.*
 46. To *MAKE* over. To settle in the hands of trustees.
 Widows, who have tried one lover,
 Trust none again till th' have *made* over. *Hudibras, p. iii.*
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The wife betimes *make* over their estates.
Make o'er thy honour by a deed of trust,
 And give me seizure of the mighty wealth. *Dryden.*
 47. To *MAKE* over. To transfer.
 The second mercy *made* over to us by the second covenant,
 is the promise of pardon. *Hammond.*
 Age and youth cannot be *made* over: nothing but time can
 take away years, or give them. *Collier.*
 My wait is reduced to the depth of four inches by what
 I have already *made* over to my neck. *Addison's Guard.*
 Moor, to whom that patent was *made* over, was forced to
 leave off coining. *Swift.*
 48. To *MAKE* out. To clear; to explain; to clear to one's
 self.
 Make out the rest—I am disorder'd so,
 I know not farther what to say or do. *Dryd. Indian Emp.*
 Antiquaries *make* out the most ancient medals from a letter
 with great difficulty to be discerned upon the face and reverse.
Felton on the Clafficks.
 It may seem somewhat difficult to *make* out the bills of fare
 for some suppers. *Arbutnot on Coins.*
 49. To *MAKE* out. To prove; to evince.
 There is no truth which a man may more evidently *make*
 out to himself, than the existence of a God. *Locke.*
 Though they are not self-evident principles, yet what
 may be *made* out from them by a wary deduction, may be
 depended on as certain and infallible truths. *Locke.*
 Men of wit and parts, but of short thoughts and little me-
 ditation, are apt to distrust every thing for fiction that is not
 the dictate of sense, or *made* out immediately to their senses.
Burnet's Theory of the Earth.
 We are to vindicate the just providence of God in the
 government of the world, and to endeavour, as well as we
 can, upon an imperfect view of things, to *make* out the
 beauty and harmony of all the seeming discords and irregu-
 larities of the divine administration. *Tillotson's Sermons.*
 Scalliger hath *made* out, that the history of Troy was no
 more the invention of Homer than of Virgil. *Dryden.*
 In the passages from our own divines, most of the reason-
 ings which *make* out both my propositions are already suggest-
 ed. *Atterbury's Sermons.*
 I dare engage to *make* it out, that, instead of contributing
 equal to the landed men, they will have their full principal
 interest at six per Cent. *Swift's Miscel.*
 50. To *MAKE* sure of. To consider as certain.
 They *made* as sure of health and life, as if both of them
 were at their disposal. *Dryden.*
 51. To *MAKE* sure of. To secure to one's possession.
 But whether marriage bring joy or sorrow,
 Make sure of this day, and hang to-morrow. *Dryden.*
 52. To *MAKE* up. To get together.
 How will the farmer be able to *make* up his rent at quar-
 ter-day? *Locke.*
 53. To *MAKE* up. To reconcile; to repair.
 This kind of comprehension in scripture being therefore
 received, still there is no doubt how far we are to proceed
 by collection before the full and complete measure of things
 necessary be *made* up. *Hooker, b. i.*
 I knew when seven justices could not *make* up a quarrel.
Shakespeare's As you like it.
 54. To *MAKE* up. To repair.
 I fought for a man among them that should *make* up the
 hedge, and stand in the gap before me for the land. *Ezek.*
 55. To *MAKE* up. To compose, as of ingredients.
 These are the lineaments of this vice of flattery, which
 sure do together *make* up a face of most extreme deformity.
Government of the Tongue.
 He is to encounter an enemy *made* up of wiles and strata-
 gems; an old serpent, and a long experienced deceiver. *South's Sermons.*
 Zeal should be *made* up of the largest measures of spiritual
 love, desire, hope, hatred, grief, indignation. *Sprat.*
 Oh he was all *made* up of love and charms;
 Whatever maid could wish, or man admire. *Addison.*
 Harlequin's part is *made* up of blunders and absurdities.
Addison's Remarks on Italy.
 Vines, figs, oranges, almonds, olives, myrtles, and fields
 of corn, *make* up the most delightful little landscape imagina-
 ble. *Addison on Italy.*
 Old mould'ring urns, racks, daggers, and distrefs,
 Make up the frightful horror of the place. *Garth.*
 The parties among us are *made* up on one side of moderate
 whigs, and on the other of presbyterians. *Swift.*
 56. To *MAKE* up. To shape.
 A catapodium is a medicine swallowed solid, and most
 commonly *made* up in pills. *Arbutnot on Coins.*
 57. To *MAKE* up. To supply; to repair.
 Whatsoever, to *make* up the doctrine of man's salvation,
 is added as in supply of the scripture's insufficiency, we reject
 it. *Hooker, b. ii.*
 I borrowed that celebrated name for an evidence to my

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subject, that so what was wanting in my proof might be
made up in the example. *Glanville's Scip.*
 Thus think the crowd, who, eager to engage,
 Take quickly fire, and kindle into rage;
 Who ne'er consider, but without a pause
 Make up in passion what they want in cause. *Dryden.*
 If they retrench any the smaller particulars in their ordi-
 nary expence, it will easily *make* up the halfpenny a-day which
 we have now under consideration. *Addison's Spect.*
 This wisely the *makes* up her time,
 Mil-spent when youth was in its prime. *Granville.*
 There must needs be another state to *make* up the inequa-
 lities of this, and to save all irregular appearances. *Atterbury.*
 If his romantick disposition transport him so far as to ex-
 pect little or nothing from this, he might however hope, that
 the principals would *make* it up in dignity and respect. *Swift.*
 58. To *MAKE* up. To clear.
 The reasons you allege, do more conduce
 To the hot passion of dissembler's blood,
 Than to *make* up a free determination
 'Twixt right and wrong. *Shakespeare, Troil. and Cressida.*
 Though all at once cannot
 See what I do deliver out to each,
 Yet I can *make* my audit up, that all
 From me do back receive the flow'r of all,
 And leave me but the bran. *Shakespeare's Coriolanus.*
 He was to *make* up his accounts with his lord, and by an
 easy undiscoverable cheat he could provide against the im-
 pending distress. *Rogers's Sermons.*
 59. To *MAKE* up. To accomplish; to conclude; to com-
 plete.
 Is not the lady Constance in this troop?
 —I know she is not; for this match *made* up,
 Her presence would have interrupted much. *Shakespeare.*
 On Wednesday the general account is *made* up and print-
 ed, and on Thursday published. *Grant's Bill of Mortality.*
 This life is a scene of vanity, that soon passes away, and
 affords no solid satisfaction but in the consciousness of doing
 well, and in the hopes of another life: this is what I can say
 upon experience, and what you will find to be true when
 you come to *make* up the account. *Locke.*
 To *MAKE*, v. n.
 1. To tend; to travel; to go any way; to rush.
 Oh me, lieutenant! what villains have done this?
 —I think, that one of them is hereabouts,
 And cannot *make* away. *Shakespeare's Othello.*
 I do beseech your majesty *make* up,
 Left your retirement do amaze your friends. *Shakespeare.*
 The earl of Lincoln resolved to *make* on where the king
 was, to give him battle, and marched towards Newark. *Bacon's Henry VII.*
 There *made* forth to us a small boat, with about eight per-
 sons in it. *Bacon's New Atlantis.*
 Warily provide, that while we *make* forth to that which is
 better, we meet not with that which is worse. *Bacon's Essays.*
 A wonderful erroneous observation that *maketh* about, is
 commonly received contrary to experience. *Bacon.*
 Make on, upon the heads
 Of men, struck down like piles, to reach the lives
 Of those remain and stand. *Benj. Johnson's Cataline.*
 The Moors, terrified with the hideous cry of the soldiers
 making toward land, were easily beaten from the shore. *Kneller.*
 When they set out from mount Sinai they *made* northward
 unto Rishmah. *Brown's Vulgar Errors, b. vi.*
 Some speedy way for passage must be found;
 Make to the city by the postern gate. *Dryden.*
 The bull
 His easier conquest proudly did forego;
 And *making* at him with a furious bound,
 From his bent forehead aim'd a double wound. *Dryden.*
 Too late young Turnus the delusion found
 Far on the sea, still *making* from the ground. *Dryden.*
 A man of a disturbed brain seeing in the street one of
 those lads that used to vex him, stepped into a cutler's shop,
 and seizing on a naked sword *made* after the boy. *Locke.*
 Seeing a country gentleman trotting before me with a spa-
 niel by his horse's side, I *made* up to him. *Addison's Freehold.*
 The French king *makes* at us directly, and keeps a king
 by him to set over us. *Addison.*
 A monstrous boar rushed forth; his baleful eyes
 Shot glaring fire, and his stiff-pointed bristles
 Rose high upon his back; at me he *made*,
 Whetting his tusks. *Smith's Phœdra and Hippolitus.*
 2. To contribute.
 Whatsoever *makes* nothing to your subject, and is impro-
 per to it, admit not unto your work. *Dryden.*
 Blinded he is by the love of himself to believe that the
 right is wrong, and wrong is right, when it *makes* for his
 own advantage. *Swift's Miscel.*
 2. To operate; to act as a proof or argument, or cause.